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LUTRIN:

AN

Heroi-Comical POEM.

In SIX CANTOS.

By Monsieur BOILE AU. DUP

To which is Prefix'd.

Some ACCOUNT of the Author's Writings, and this TRANSLATION:

By N. ROWE, Esqs

The Fourth Edition, Corrected and Revis'd by the last Paris Edition.

DUBLIN:

. Printed by S. POWELL,

For GEORGE RISK, at the Shakespear's Head, GEORGE EWING, at the Angel and Bible, And, WILLIAM SMITH, at the Hercules, Booksellers in Dame's-street, M DCC XXX.

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To the Right Honourable

CHARLES





OUR Lordship is not to be inform'd of the great Reputation Monsieur Boilean has acquir'd by all his Works. They are esteem'd so nice in themselves, that

it has been thought by some as rash an Attempt to translate this French Author, as for an English General to attack an Army of theirs. The late successes of some Campaigns have sufficiently prov'd that their Heroes are not Invincible; and the happy Imitations of some of their best Pieces, that their Writers are not Incomparable. Not that I'm so vain as to imagine the A 2 following

following Translation deserves to be mention'd in the same Breath with some I cou'd name. But certain it is, the French Genius may be match'd (if not lurpals'd) in both, the Pen as well as the Sword; whatever exalted Notions to the Contrary fome among us may have, who cou'd relish Slavery it self, if it were but French. I do not intend any thing to the difadvantage of our Enemy's Wit and Knowledge, but only to put the Matter in a way of issue, and let the Country try it. I have endeavour'd, with the Assistance of my Friends, to do Monsieur Boilean all possible Justice in this celebrated Piece of his, the LUTRIN. 1 hope I have us'd him with that Civility which is due to one of the first Figure in the Commonwealth of Learning: I was going to fay, with that Generolity our Countrymen treat his at Litchfield and Nottingham.

But, my Lord, if it really be so bold an Undertaking to translate the LUTRIN, it is unpardonably worse to offer it to your Lordship, whose Penetration is equal to your Noble Birth; and yet both yield to the Prevalence of your good Temper: which with a like Indulgence, receives the Homage of all sorts of

Persons.

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Upon this Foundation I prefum'd to set your Lordship's Name on the Frontispiece of this Work; to be to it, what you are to your Country, its Ornament and Protection.

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If ever your Lordship shall alienate so much of your Time from the Publick Good, as to read this Poem; you will find in it very great, but necessary Variations from the Original, whether for the better or the worse, I submit to you, from whose Judgment there is no Appeal.

Nothing checks and deadens the Fancy more, than a too superstitious Respect for the Original, especially in Poetry: It is commonly the Cause that an idolatrous Translation (as La Motte calls such a one) endeavouring too exactly to render all the Beauties of his Author, gives you in truth never a one. Every minute Circumstance of a Thought cannot be prelerv'd with any tolerable Grace, nor indeed is is necessary; provided the Translator makes amends for his Neglect of what is less important, by improving, and if possible by refining upon Essentials: which is better done by studying the Genius, and copying the Tour and Air of an Author, than in adhering to a scrupulous Detail of Phrases, ever flat and disagreeable.

Thus a Translation may be Excellent, and by this an equitable Reader may judge of its Merit. A Picture is but the Translation of a Face; yet it Apelles or Lysppus shall attempt an Alexander, Posterity will pay an equal Veneration to the Artist and the Hero.

Translation, in general, besides its useful

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Communicative Character to recommend it, and other Arguments that may be brought in its

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behalf, comes back'd with what most Arts and

Sciences pretend to, Antiquity.

Did not Terence divert the Romans with the original Comedies of the Greek Menander, turn'd into Latin, which serves as a Standard at this Day? And by what remains of Alcans and some other Lyricks, 'tis evident how much Horace himself was oblig'd to the Greeks, not by copying the Measure of their Numbers, but by imitating the express Sense of the Authors. To bring it nigher home: We at this Day read Ben. Johnson's Catiline, and other Plays of his, with Pleasure; yet those who converse with Tally, know who surnish'd him with his Rhetorick.

I expect the Criticks will fall upon me for writing in this manner to your Lordship, as if I was giving you a Lesson instead of a Dedication. I must confess it looks something like it. But I rather chuse to repeat to your Lordship what you already know, than give a Catalogue of your Perfections and Excellencies, which all the World knows.

Monsieur Boilean calls this Poem of his, Heroi-Comique, Mock-Heroick; that is, a ridiculous Action made considerable in Heroick Verle.

If I distinguish right, there are two sorts of Burlesque: The first, where Things of mean. Figure and slight Concern appear in all the Pomp and Bustle of an Epick Poem; such is this.

The Dedication.

this of the LUTRIN. The second fort is where great Events are made ridiculous by the Meanness of the Character, and the Oddness of the Numbers; such is the Hudibras of our excellent Butler.

Boileau, like Horace, was born equally for Satire and for Praise. The LUTRIN partakes of both. The Satirical Part, as 'tis very severe upon those of his own Church, so I hope it is applicable to the Romish Clergy only and none other.

As for the Panegyrick fo frequent in it, I-know not why they should not as well become the Queen of France as the French King; the Prince of Mindelheim, as the Prince of Conde; and the Atticus of Dr. Garth, as the Ariffus of Boilean.

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I am your Lordship's most Obedient

Engal Indiana, on survey of Andriller Con-

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and most Humble Servant,

JOHN OZELL.

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ACCOUNT

OF

BOILEAU's Writings,

And this Translation.

To Mr. ****

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SIR,

I f Criticizing other people's Works, especially living and late Authors, were not as Task that I am by no means inclin'd to; I should have sooner answer'd your Desire, and told you what I thought of Monsieur Boileau's Lutrin, and the Translation of it into English

English Verse; which you did me the Favour

to fend me in Writing.

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M. Boileau and his Works, especially this of his Lutrin, are of so great a Name in the World, that I think it a pretty bold Attempt to endeavour to translate him; not but that I must confess, I know but sew Hands cou'd have succeeded better than this Gentleman has done.

Amongst that little that I have read of the French Poetry, Monsieur Boilean seems to me without Comparison to have had the finest and the truest Taste of the best Authors of Antiquity; his violent Passion for 'em, and famous Disputes in their behalf, are too well! known to be told over again now. It is very certain, that he had 'em to perpetually in his Eye, that he form'd most of his Poetical Writings to closely after their Models, that in many of 'em, especially his Satires, he can: hardly pretend to the Honour of any thing more, than having barely translated them well; and I am apt to believe, that if the Defign of the Lutrin be intirely his own, and Modern, it is because there was nothing in the Antient Poetry of this kind for him to draw after. However, it is very plain that, even in this, Virgil has been of great use to him, and supply'd him with some of his finest Images. To mention one Particular only, every body may see, that his Fury who sets the good. People: People at Paris together by the ears, is a manifest Copy of Alesto in the seventh Aneid; or indeed is rather taken from Juno and Alesto together, as both contriving and executing the Mischief her self. I won't pretend to give you a Critical Account of this Kind of Mock-Heroick Poetry, if it can be call'd a Kind, that is so New in the World, and of which we have had so few Instances. I call it New, because I take * La Secchia Rapita of Tassoni to be the first of this fort that was ever written, or at least that ever I heard of. As for Homer's Battel of the Frogs and Mice, I take that only to be a Tale or Fa-

* LaSecchia Rapita: The Rape of the Bucket, says Mr.
Dryden in his Pretace to Juvenal, is an Italian Satire
of the Varronian kind: The Words are stately, the
Numbers smooth, the Turn both of Thoughts and
Words is happy. The first six Lines of the Stanza
feem Majestical and Severe; but the two last turn them
all into a pleasant Ridicule. Boilean has modell'd from
hence his famous Lutrin. Thus far Mr. Dryden.

To which we shall add, that Tassoni in the First Edition call'd it only La Secchia; but in the future Editions was added the word Rapita: not only because it was sutable to the Subject, but because it was so greedily bought up, that People did as it were ravish them from each other, says Burgiotti in his Preface to Ant.

Barberini, Nephew to Pope Urban VIII.

The learned Leo Allatius, in his Apium Urbanarum Recensio, says of the said Poem; Lepidissimum poema, sapius ac in multis locis editum. It is latlely English'd

by Mr. Ozell, and Sold by Mr. Curl.

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ble, like those of Æsop, amongst which it is to be found; and ought rather to be rank'd among the Writings of the Mythologists, than those of the Poets. Whatever Name or Title the Criticks may be pleas'd to dignify or diftinguish this fort of Writing with, I amfure it has had the good Fortune to be very well receiv'd: The Reputation of the Lutrin in France, and the Dispensary in England, are two of the best modern Instances of Success in Poetry that can be given.

And since I have mention'd those two. Poems together, it may not be improper to observe, that in the latter of 'em, tho writ upon a very different Subject, there are some Passages that are plainly Imitations, or indeed even Translations of the former. Those who will take the trouble to compare 'em, now they are both in one Language, will be best able to judge how near the Translator of the Lutrin comes to the Beauties which all the World has so justly admir'd in Dr. Garth.

I won't venture to say this Translation is the most correct and finish'd Piece of its kind that we have; but I believe most People will; allow, that the Author of it is perfectly Master er of Boilean, and in some Places has even improv'd him: To mention that only of,

Dans le Reduit obscur, &c. i. e. Deep in the Covert of a dark Alcove.

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And so on for a dozen Verses; where I think the English at least Equal, it not Superior to the French.

The general Turn of his Verse is agreeable, his Diction Poetical, and very proper to the Subject; and whatever Faults there may be, they are merely verbal, and may very well be receiv'd under that good-natur'd Allowance which Horace makes for those

Aut humana parum cavit Natura-

That which indeed to me feems most liable to an Exception, is, that the Gentleman has taken the Liberty in some Places to depart from his Author, and to substitute other Persons and Things in the room of those which he has left out or chang'd; and that while he still retains the Original Story, and keeps the Scene at Paris, he makes use of the Names of Men and Books in England, unknown to and unthought of by Monsieur Boilean: And particularly in the Battle of the Books, where he makes ute of some French and some English. could have wish'd indeed, they had all belong'd to one Nation: For tho' the Satire upon our own Countrymen is very just and entertaining, yet I must always think the Poem would have look'd more of a piece, if the Names had been all as they are in the Original; or that else removing: Eng had rath fieu

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moving the Action and Scene entirely into England, the Names of Persons, Places, &c. had been all English, and so the whole had been rather an Imitation than a Translation of Monfieur Boilean.

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After all, I am fensible that it may be easily enough reply'd in defence of the Translation, That as it is intended for English Readers, and more especially for those who don't understand French, fo a long Bead-roll of dull French Authors, who are grown into fuch Contempt, that they are hardly read, or ever known in their own Country, would be but an odd Entertainment to People here, who never heard of 'em before. Besides, it must be allow'd. that one may very eafily apprehend the Pleafantry of the Satire in the Original, by the Tranflator's mustering up a Set of English Authors of equal-degree, and like kind of Dulness with those mention'd by Monsieur Boileau.

As for the Objection of his having chang'd the Persons, I believe a Subject of Great-Brirain may be very eafily forgiven, if the Love of his Country, and the just Honour which he has for his Sovereign, led him to apply those handsome Compliments to the Queen, which the Author makes to the King of France in some of the Canto's, and in others that of the Prince of Conde to the Duke of Marlborough.

It is not the first time that Justice has divested that Monarch of Honours which he had

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Some Account of Boileau, &c.

long affum'd to himself, to place 'em more worthily upon her Majesty: Nor is it now only that his Grace has been adorn'd with the Spoils of a French General. The Praise is, I am fure, at least as highly deferv'd, and as justly given by the English as the French Poet. And indeed I think the whole Translation to be fo well done in the main, and fo entertaining, that what little Faults are in it, if there are any, ought not to be taken notice of, for the fake of the Beauties. Nor had I taken the liberty to fay what I have faid of it, if it had not been to give you a Proof of an exact Sincerity in every Thing where you ask my real Opimon.

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SIR.

Your Humble Servant,

N. ROWE.

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Monsieur Boile Au's

PREFACE.

WERE in vain now to deny that the following Poem-was occasion d by a petty Quarrel that happen'd in one of the most celebrated * Churches of Paris, beween the Treasurer of the Relicks, and the Mater of the Choir; otherwise call'd the Prelate and the Chanter. [The latter it seems being a Man f a forward incroaching Spirit, had made some Steps owards an Invasion of the Rights and Privileges

^{*} Call'd la Sainte Chapelle.

of the former; which he not brooking, and being resolv'd to humble him, bethought himself of setting up in the Choir a sort of a Reading-Desk (LUTRIN) upon the very Overture of the Chanter's Seat, and so block him up. The Fact is true, and that's all. The rest is mere Fiction from the Beginning to the End; and all the Actors in it are not only invented, but industriously drawn quite opposite to the true Character of the Ministers of that Church; who for the most part, especially the Canons, are Men of great Virtue and as much Wit. There's one amongst'em, whose Opinion I would as willingly have upon my Performances, as of a great many Gentlemen of the Academy. 'Tis not therefore to be wonder'd, that no body took Offence at this Poem, since intruth no body is attack'd by it. Spendthrift is not troubled to see a Miser expos'd; nor does a religious Person resent the ridiculing of a Rake. I shall not mention how I was engag'd in this Trifle upon a kind of jocular Challenge made me by the late Monsieur Lamoignon, whom I paint under the Name of Aristus. A particular Narration of this Matter, does not seem to be at all necessary. But I should think I did my self a great deal of wrong, to let slip this Opportunity of informing those who are ignorant of it, how much I was honour'd with that great Man's Friendship, during his Life. I began to be known to him at the time when my Satires made the greatest Noise; and the obliging Access he gave me into

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into his illustrious Family, was a very advantageous Apology in my Behalf, against those who were minded to accuse me of Libertinism and ill Morals. He was a Man of an amazing Knowledge, and a passionate Admirer of all the good Books of Antiquity; and this was what made my Works the more tolerable to him, fancying he perceiv'd in 'em some Taste of the Antients. His Piety was unfeign'd, and yet had nothing in it that was stiff or troublesome. He was not at all frighten'd at the Title of my Works, Satires, where in truth he found only Verses and Authors expos'd. He was pleas'd often to commend me for having purg'd. this fort of Poetry from that Obscenity and Fitth, which till then, had been as it were peculiar to it. Thus I had the good Fortune not to be difagreeable to him. He let me into all his Pleasures. and Diversions, that is to say, his Studies and Retirements. He favour'd me sometimes even with his strictest Considence; and open'd to me the inmost Recesses of his Soul. And what did not I see there! What a surprizing Treasure of Probity and Justice! What an inexhaustible Fund of Picty and Zeal! Tho' the outsward Lustre of his Virtue was exceeding great, it was infinitely brighter within; and 'twas visible how carefully he temper'd the Rays of it, not to wound the Eyes. of an Age so corrupt as ours. I was fincerely. struck with so many admirable Qualities; and as he always discover'd a great deal of Kindness for me, fol ever return'd it with the strongest Devo-

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tion for him. The Respects I paid him, were not mixt with any mercenary Leven of Self-Interest; and I made it more my Business to profit by his Conversation, than his Credit at Court. He died at the Time when this Friendship was in its highess Point of Perfection; and the Remembrance of so great a Loss afflicts me daily. Why must those who are so worthy to live, be so soon snatch'd from the World, whilst the Worthless and Undeserving are crown'd with Length of Days? I shall say no more upon so sad a Subject, lest I were with Tears the Preface of a Work purely jocular.



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*LUTRIN.

CANTO I.



RMS and the PRIEST I fing, whose Mat-

No Labour con'd abate, nor Fear controul;

Active it urg'd his Outward Man to dare

The various Hazards of a Pious War.

Nor did th' Immortal Prelate's Rage recoil,
Till Victory had crown'd his hardy Toil:
Till his gay Eyes sparkling with fluid Fire,
Beheld the Desk reflourish in the Choir.
In vain the Chanter and the Chapter strove;
'Twice they essay'd the fatal Desk to move:
As oft the Prelate, with unweary'd Pain,
Fix'd it to his proud Rival's Seat again.

^{*} This Poem was written by the Author in 1673. he being then Thirty Nine Years old.

By MUSE.

MUSE, let the Holy Warrior's Rage be fung; Why Sacred Minds Infernal Furies stung: What Spark inflam'd the zealous Rival's Heat, How Heavenly Breasts with Human Passions beat!

AND thou, Illustrious * Hero, whose Command Assway'd the Fire, whose salutary Hand With more than Æsculapian Art cou'd heal The Schism-sick Church, and stop the growing Ill; Propitious o'er these sacred Numbers shine, With thy bright Influence aid the great Design; And as you deign a willing Ear to lend, Religiously th' important Tale attend.

Basking in Plenty and dissolv'd in Ease,

Paris her Antient Chappel long had seen

Florid in Years, and in her Autumn green.

Her lusty Canons rosy Beauties grace,

And brilliant Health crimsons each ruddy Face:

Fatten'd with holy Inactivity,

Soft as their Furs deep sunk in Down they lie;

While there the sacred Sluggards waste the Day.

In sweet Repose——————————————————By Deputy they pray.

They only watch'd that they might relish Rest,

And never fasted, but to make a Feast.

Unhealthy Mattins wisely they decline,

And substitute a Journeyman-Divine.

When Difcord rose, a squalid guilty Shade,
Black as her Crimes, in sable Night array'd;
Soft Peace with horror view'd the ghastly Spright,
And trembling, sted her inauspicious Sight.
The livid Fury her dire Course had run,
From Church to Church her Visitation gone;

M. Lamoignon, Premier President.

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Then at the noify Hall's litigious Bar
She stopp'd, and smil'd to see the Gowned War;
Pleas'd with her wond'rous Work awhile she stood In Contemplation, and pronounc'd it good.
In countless Shoals her faithful * Normans flow;
Normans whose Breasts perpetual Tempests blow;
Squadrons of Lawyers here, drive o'er the Plain,
And Clients there, the dreadful Charge sustain:
The Lord, Clown, Senator, Fop, Bully, Cit;
Mingling in one vexatious Jargon sight;
Round Themis every Standard they display,
And in the Wordy Strite consume the Day.

The Fury raifing then her baleful Head,
O'er the Parifian Tow'rs her Venom shed;
Unshaken yet beholds one Church alone,
But one, that peaceful durst her Pow'r disown.
Sacred to pious Ease this Temple stood
Unshook by Tempests in a raging Flood
Of all her numerous Sisters, only she
Enjoy'd an undisturb'd Tranquillay.

The Fiend, at fight of this offensive Peace;
Grins horrible, she howls, her Serpents his;
Then lashing her thin Form, strong Posson fills
Her Mouth, with Vengeance her lean Bosom swells;
Her Eyes in Streams of livid Lightning glow,
Distraction sits malignant on her Brow.
Have then, said she, (and as the Fury spoke,
The trembling Windows jarr'd, the Houses shook)
Have my resistless Fires these hundred Years
Instam'd the Carmelites, the Cordeliers?
Did not the Celestines my Fury feel?
Cou'd great St. Austin's Order me repel?
Have I involv'd in Feuds the Ministry?
Have I made Convocations disagree?

^{*} Litigious to a Proverb;

And shall this Church alone rebellious dare:
Cherish eternal Peace, when I bid War?
And am I Discord? Then may Tumult-cease,
If I've no pow'r to blast her boasted Peace:
To hated Quiet let Mankind return,
Nor on my facred Altars Incense burn.

She said, and straight assum'd a Chanter's Dress; ,
Such was her Shape, so formal in her Pace:
Her warlike Visage rich in Rubies shines,
Painted with the best Blood of generous Vines.
Thus dress'd, she to the sleeping Prelate slies,
In this dissembled Form deceives his Eyes.

Deep in the Covert of a dark Alcove, Form'd for the idle Gods of Sleep and Love, A Downy Couch is rais'd with wond'rous Care. At great Expence secur'd from noxious Air: Curtains in double Folds around it run, And bar all Entrance of th'intruding Sun; Artfully rais'd to lull each fofter Senfe, Devoted to the Goddess Indolence. In idle Riot there the keeps her Court, There airy Visions, wanton Phantoms sport Here negligently dreaming out the Day, Diffolv'd in Ease the holy Sluggard lay, Strengthen'd with an immoderate Morning Meal, The Glutton batten'd till the Dinner-Bell : Youth in its flow'ry Bloom with vernal Grace Shone in his Eyes, and brighten'd on his Face; His Chin enormous, overspreads his Cheft, In three deep Folds descending on his Breast : There doz'd the leaden Lump of flumbring Fat, While the press'd Cushions groan beneath the Weight

The Fury entring, faw the Table spread, ...
In artful Order elegantly laid.
She recogniz'd the Church, and thus address'd, ...
With her delusive Words, the sleeping Priest.

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Prelate arise, quit this inglorious Down,
Or the proud Chanter will thy Power disown:
He sings Oremus, he Processions makes,
With his resounding Voice the Chappel shakes:
Without thy Leave thy Blessings he bestows,
His Mouth with endless Benedictions slows.
Do'st thou then wait till this Invader's Hand
Seizes thy Mitre, takes thy high Command?
Shake off these idle Bonds, or all youlose;
Renounce thy Bishoprick, or thy Repose.

She spoke, and her infectious Breath inspires.

His troubled Bosom with contentious Fires.

The drouzy Prelate at her Words revives,

Confus'd and frighten'd, but his Blessing gives.

As wounded by a Wasp, have I beheld
Asturdy Bull, Lord of the flow'ry Field;
Unus'd to Pain till then, in amorous Play
He lov'd and eat, and wanton'd out the Day:
But now, impatient, loves and feeds no more,
The neighbouring Forests tremble at his Roar;
With deep-fetch'd Bellowing the noble Beast
Exhales his Spirits, and torments his Breast,
At the vile Insect that disturbs his Rest,

So the gall'd Prelate's Rage no Balm can heal,
The Servants first his rising Fury feel;
His Rage grows high, and kindling by Degrees,
From his stung Bosom drives inactive Peace.
He dresses, and, O Horror! makes a Vow,
Tho' Dinner waits, he to the Choir will go.
Wise Gilotin his Chaplain vainly strove,
With sage Advice, this rash Resolve to move;
Counsel'd, intreated, every Danger told;
That then 'twas Noon, that Dinner wou'd be cold.

he

What more than frantick Rage(faid he)now reigns?
What wild Capricio's hurry round your Brains?

Support

A rich laborious Prelate is a Jest:
Let a full Meal this useles Rage expel;
Sharpen your Appetite, and blunt your Zeal;
This is no Ember-Week, the Church commands
No Fast; impose not then these rigid Bands.
Great Sur, resume your Senses and your Food,
A Dinner heated twice was never good.

Thus Gilotin—Then pointing, shew'd his Lord
The smoaking Soup attending on the Board:
The Prelate struck with Reverence and Delight,
Stood silent, conquer'd by the pleasing Sight.
Victorious Pottage stopt his eager Haste;
Soften'd his Rage, and broke his three Hours Fast.
Yet inward Fury, struggling with his Meat,
Oppos'd the Passage of each luscious Bit.
Good Gilotin express'd in Groans his Care,
And politickly spreads the growing Fear.
His Partizans the dreadful News receive,
And feeling own a sympathetick Grief;
In numerous Troops to their lov'd Patron sty,
And bravely swear to conquer or to dis.

Thus * when the fierce Pigmean Army crouds.
The Banks of + Heber, or || Strimonian Floods;
The haughty Cranes round their known Leader swarm,
And their invincible Battalions form.

Pleas'd with the Sight, the Prelate roll'd his Eyes,
Confess'd his new-born Joy, and strove to rife:
His Colour grows again, his Voice receives
Its antient Tone, and the whole Man revives.
The lusty Gammon reassumes its Place,
He scans and blesses every friendly Face.

Homer, Iliad. iii. v. 6.

|| River of Thrace.

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| Then to the general Health a Goblet swills; |
|---|
| Each Man the great Example takes and fills: |
| The * Gruife bled pure Vermilion Nectar round, |
| And the Defert their Entertainment crown'd, |
| And now the Orator prepares to fpeak : 1 45 A 10 11 |
| He groans as if his mighty Heart would break, |
| Then in a Voice to his Misfortunes bent, |
| Thus in a proper Tone began his Plaint. |
| Illustrious Partners of my long Fatigues, |
| You fole Supporters of my pious Leagues; division |
| By whose Assistance I at last am made and and and |
| Of a mad Chapter the exalted Head: |
| To your incessant Services I own |
| All the rich Honours that emboss my Gown; |
| And can you unconcern'd with equal Eyes, |
| Behold my Rival, and confirm his Joys? |
| Must I, the Creature of your Wildom, fall and W |
| A Sacrifice to that proud chanting Banl? |
| Will you my Caule, and your own Right-deny? |
| Can you and angry Heaven stand neuter by ? to be mer'd |
| (This Morn a facred Vision I beheld;) die bas to sh |
| A Deity these fatal Truths reveal'd.) |
| Yes, he has feiz'd the Fruits of all my Toil, |
| And infolently glories in the Spoil; it was an and on mit |
| He daily bleffes the unhallow'd Croud, and will and W |
| Pronounces Benedicat Wos alond is and years gaile and |
| Horror on Horror ! who can speak the rest ! crodies W |
| Turns my own pointed Weapons on my Breaft Sivi Q |
| Here Tears and Sighs his faltring Language break |
| His Tears and Sighs too eloquently speak: |
| Redoubled Sobs from the respiring Breath; 16 1816 1910 |
| His Visage darken'd, Choler strove with Death 21 21 T |
| In vain we at the angry becautifure product |

There thirty Winters had from open selfeventing Wyrint and T

Then

But Gilotin the fierce Attack withstood. And a full Bowl repell'd the rifing Blood.

When Sidrac came, Age lengthen'd out his Way. (A Crutch confirms his languid Limbs Decay) Four Ages in this peaceful Choir he told; Knew Men and Manners well, was wife and bold; And this rare Knowledge did his Merit raife . From Sexton to the Vestry-Keeper's Place. He faw the finking Prelate, guess'd his Grief, And with paternal Care brought swift Relief.

Then thus the Reverend Sire__Prelate revive; To the dull Chanter useless Sorrow give: Arile, resume thy Spirits, and thy Power; I will thy injur'd Empire's Rights restore: Collect thy Judgment, and attend with Care; What Heaven and heavenly Powers inspire me, hear.

Where now that supercilious Chanter rears His harden'd Front, that Source of all thy Cares, In antient Days a well-known Desk of Wood, Fram'd of unequal Structure, firmly flood; At th' end o'th' Choir, on thy left Hand 'twas plac'd, And its large Sides a spacious Shadow cast. Behind this Work the humble Chanter fat In an obscure Invisible Retreat: When, like the Sun, unrival dand alone, Attracting every Eye, the Prelate shone; Whether some Damon, to the Desk a Foe, I no work Or Nightly Force combined its Overthrow; o restauril Or was it Defting's unerring Hand That pre-ordain'd it should no longer stand : One fatal Morning with furprizing Noise, The great Machine tell down before our Eyes : In vain we at the angry Heav'ns repin'd; 'Twas to the Veftry in our Sight confin'd; There thirty Winters hid from open Day Forgotten, in ignoble Dust it lay.

Hear,

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Hear, Prelate, then When nightly Mists arise, And veil in dim Suffusion prying Eyes, Let three elected from this friendly Rout, And favour'd by the growing Night, steal out; With ready Zeal the broken Mass rejoin, And to its pristine Seat the Desk confine. If in the Morn the Chanter dares destroy Our glorious Work, and damp the general Joy, Actions on Actions, Suits on Suits shall tell The Church's Spirit, and her Servants Zeal. Then authoriz'd by Heav'n you may engage; This is a War worthy a Prelate's Rage: Wou'd you to Pray'r alone that Heart confine? Let your great Soul in ardent Action shine; Let a dull Country Vicar be content With a long Life in lazy Preaching Spent: At Paris, Sir, you flourish_Then prepare, Be obstinate, vexatious, rouze to War; Be active, reftlefs, yigilant and proud: This raifes you above the yulgar Croud; From common Crape discriminates a Lord, And is a Prelate's Charter on Record: Then throw your Benedictions boldly round, Let every Place your Benedictions found. Blefs in the Chanter's Sight, and never cease, With uplift Palms the very Chanter blefs.

This warm Oration the Affembly fir'd,
And every Soul with God-like Rage inspir'd:
The Prelate with uncommon Ardour mov'd,
In a loud Out-cry Sidrac's Speech approv'd,
Let then (said he) a careful Choice be made
Of three, three worthy this Design to head.

Each pleads his Merit to the great Command Each worthy teems in this illustrious Band.

bal general to Be 2. De the Barbers Wife.

Hear, on

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Let Destiny, the Prelate then reply'd,

* Let Fortune by decifive Lots provide.

They write; each hopes his own immortal Name
Will rife the foremost in this Scroll of Fame!

Twice fifteen Names into small Billets made;

Are in a Cap's round sinuous Bostom laid;

And that no Fraud may their great Hopes destroy
Of a just Choice, they call a singing Boy:

Young William straight the great Design attends;

Blushing, his artless Novice-Hand he lends.

The Prelate with his naked Hands and Eyes: Thrice bleffes all the Tickets; firs emthrice: The Infant draws : First Brontin's Name appear de They all approve the Lot with due Regard: The Prelate hop'd a lucky Augury, And smiling wish'd the happy Brontin Joy. When instantly the Name, that glorious Name + Lamour was drawn, belov'd by Gods and Fame; The beauteous Barber, whose long flaxen Hair Curl'd o'er his Shoulders, as Adonis fair ; a realist aid T Nor was bright Cytherea's lovely Boy Dominio mor? More the foft Goddess's Delight and Joy and all had Than he of | Barberiffa; much fhe lov'd, worth and'i Much he, and each the others Flame approvide some For they were chain'd three Years by Love alone Before they clapp'd the Marriage-Shackdes on quality His cringing Neighbours fervilely fub mit mis want? To this Fastidious Here of the Street; " 1902 yravo ba A While his hot Courage flathes o'er his Face, thing and And in his Eyes Deftructive Comets blaze, and broke all

* Homer, Iliad. vii. v. 171.

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⁺ Moliere has drawn the Character of this Man in his Medecin malgre lui, (at the end of the off Scene.) He took Hints from Mr. Boileau relating to this Barber.

La Perruquiere, in Boileau, the Barbers Wife.

One undetermin'd Lot did yet remain; The Prelate mingles, shakes'em well again.

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All croud and watch the Draught with eager Haste, Each hopes his own great Name may be the last.

When in the Prelate's Eyes thou read'st thy Fate,
And saw in them thy faithful Name appear?
Such Transports, Mighty Sexton, who cou'd bear?
Then thy pale Face, which never blush'd before,
Glow'd into sanguine, and was purpled o'er;
Thy Gouty Limbs resum'd their youthful Heat,
And every Pulse with Martial Ardour beat.
Boldly thy feeble Corpse attempted thrice,
As oft, alas! in vain estay'd to rise.

Fate has determin'd, and the joyful Croud, With dreadful Shouts, confirm that Choice aloud.

Th' Assembly rises, with applauding Notse They slide away, and murmur out their Joys, Leaving the Prelate with Fatigue oppress'd Till a full Supper calm'd his moody Breast, And laid his Anger, and his Limbs, to rest.

CANTO II

Hung round with opening Mouths, and waking Who far and wide tells what she hears, and more; Trav'ling from Clime to Clime, from Shore to Shore; Fame, nimble Messenger, prepares to dart A mortal Dread on Barberissa's Heart: Tells how her Lord, by a fond Fancy led, That Night determin'd to forsake her Bed, And to erect the Desk. Amaz'd to hear, She first stood motionless, and troze with Fear:

At last, confessing Anger and Surprize, With Hair dishevel'd, and with flaming Eyes, With Her Wrath no longer able to conceal, who began the She thus upbraided his officious Zeal.

* And would'st thou hide this Mischief of thy Mind? And can no facred Vows, nor Duty bind? od ni rod W Dar'st thou then, Traytor, so perfidious prove To plighted Faith, and Hymeneal Love? Are all th' Indearments of a wedded Life, and will be The foft Embraces of a tender Wife (A Wife, alas! just ready to expire) Too weak to conquer one unkind Defire? Type Jak False Man, wert thou oblig'd to wear away The tedious Hours from Eve to dawning Day; With well-form'd Curls, or with diffembled Hair, The Beau to furnish, or adorn the Fair : I cou'd, perhaps, without Regret or Pain, The want of due Benevolence fustain; Thy Absence sweetned with the Hopes of Gain. But thus to leave your Partner in the Lurch, With a mad Zeal in favour of a Church! Stay, cruel Man! Ah! whither do you run? Why the Companion of your Pleasures shun? Have you forgot fo foon? and can you fee These flowing Streams, and not be touch'd, like me? By all our Kisses, by our softer Nights, And melting Sweets of conjugal Delights; If ever mov'd with Barberiffa's Charms, wer would be You took the eafy Victim to your Arms to have all only If by no previous Promises betray'd. Depot gall'year E're join'd by Priest, I fell a willing Maid: If the Ne'e Ah! a But for She

Then Honou Till c: Thus

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^{*} Dissimulare etiam sperasti, perside, tantum
Posse nesos ?Necte noster, amor necte data dextera quendam.
Nec moritura tenos crudeli sunere Dido. Virg. Enoidi
If

If those you glimmering Lamps, which roll above,
Ne'er saw a second Rival in my Love:
Ah! do not go! let me your Stay implore
But for one Night, and I will ask no more.

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She said: The Torrent of her amorous Flame
Threw on a trusty Stool the swooning Dame.
The moving Sight her Lord's brave Soul opprost;
Honour and Love contended in his Breast,
Till calling his known Courage to his Aid,
Thus to the Queen of his Desires he said:
(But with a Voice which spoke divided Care,

A Lover's Sweetness, and a Husband's Air.) Madam, should I my Happiness disown, And Joys fo often seap'd from you alone; I should to Honour a curst Traytor prove. Unworthy of your Bed, and lavish Love, But sooner shall the distant German Rhine, His blended Streams with Gallick Liger join, Or Gallia's perjur'd Monarch to fair Truth incline; E're from my Memory your Love depart, and I sall So fafely treasur'd in my constant Heart. Yet think not, Hymen, when my Faith I gave, Refign'd me to your Yoke, a Woman's Slave. Had I the Power my Destiny to chuse, I still had 'scap'd the Matrimonial Noofe: Still had I revell'd, like a free-born Soul, In lawless Pleasures, and without Controul. Away! no more your empty Title plead; What's Love, compar'd with fuch a noble Deed? How will it found, when future Poets write,

The Desk erected in the Church's Right?

Curb then your fond Desires; nor seek to shock

My solid Honour, stable as a Rock.

Ah! do not Barberissa's Virtue stain,

Nor those fair Eyes bedew with brackish Rain;

C 4:

That I, by favour of the filent Night,

Non

Nor with ungenerous Sighs protract my Stay; * For Heav'n has call'dme, and I must obey.

This faid, he leaves her full of anxious Fears, Her Cheeks all delug'd with a Flood of Tears. Straight the Vermilion vanish'd from her Face, And the wan Lilly rook the Rofe's Place. Thrice to recal the favage Man fh' affay'd; But her rebellious Tongue thrice disobey'ds Then to the lofty Room, which fac'd the Skies, By Men the Garret call'd, the weeping Lady flies. Alicia heard; straight after her she went, Nimbly furmounting the Stairs high Afcent; To shew her Duty by her speedy Care, And lestens Sorrow, while the takes a Share,

Now had approaching Night the Town o'er-spread. + And scatter'd thro' the Streets a dusky Shade. The Bell rings Supper; th' hungry Chaplains all, Bleffing the Sound, and pliant to the Call, and who Flock from the empty Choir to the more welcome Hall. The Tavernsthicken; the wet Chanter fings; And every Room with Noise and Nonsense rings.

Forth the brave Brontin march'd, whose watchful Sleep thrice in vain attempted to surprize: (Eyes. Whom the third Bottle fortify'd within, Provided by the cautious Gilotin, it said to and the a Who knew that Wine made heavy Burdens light, this And push'd the anarm'd Hero to the Fight.

The Dead could be the Course Riche

The Sexton follow'd, Bounde was his Name; The third in this immortal Deed of Fame; Both fally out, kindled with Honour's Charms Har woll To fire the flow Lamour with Love of Arms.

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Let us depart, they cry'd, the Day declines,
And to succeeding Night his Sway resigns:
Why thus dejected? Whence this black Chagrin
Which hovers o'er your Eyes, and swells your Spleen?
Art thou the Man, who blam'd the tedious Day,
And curs'd the lagging Sun's unkind Delay?
Rise, follow us; great Deeds great Souls instance:
At this the Barber blush'd with gen'rous Shame.

Then to his well-fill'd Magazine he flies, Where many an Iron Weapon facred lies, Till call'd to Light on some brave Enterprize. Some fashion'd by the skill'd Cornavian's Care, 12 At Birmingham, the Shop of Mulciber : Not like those Arms of the dead-doing kind; These fasten things which were before disjoin'd: Like an inverted Cone, of Metal strong, Sharp pointed, and quadrangularly long; In vulgar Speech call'd Nails: of thefe the best He chose; a Hatcher his broad Shoulders preft: A well-tooth'd Saw his brawny Body bends, Which, like a Quiver, down his back descends. Incourag'd thus, Bronsin a Mallet shook, And Boirude a Nail-driving Hammer took. Lamour's heroick Steps they tread; and feel An unknown Warmth, a more than Human Zeal. Happy the Wretched who implore the Aid And Maril 18 Of fuch a Leader, fuch a firm Brigade! The Moon, who fpy'd their haughty March from far, Withdraws her peaceful Light, and aids the War. Discord pursu'd them, with a fav'ring Eye; She grinn'd a Smile, and with her hideous Cry Drove back the trembling Clouds, and piered the Date of the Control o vaulted Sky.

From thence the Sound descended to th' Abode Of the * Citofe, and wak'd Sloth's drouzy God. There

^{*} Cifertians, A Fraternity in the Romish Church.

There in a Cell he keeps his filent Court; Around him, luke-warm lazy Genilsport: One, in a Corner, kneads the fat'ning Paste, Which plumps the Canon's Cheeks, and fwells his braw-

ny Walte. Another the Vermilion grinds, to paint The jolly Looks of mortifying Saint: There Pleasure an observant Centry stands, Regardful of the Deity's Commands: While Morpheus pours continual Poppy Rain; (Tho' now redoubled Show'rsdescend in vain.) Sloth at the Noise awakes. All-covering Night Relates the Story, and improves the Fright; Tells how the Prelate, with Ambition fir'd, T' Heroick Fame by new Deligns aspir'd. Near to a venerable House of Prayer, She faw three Champions, who delight in War: Proudly they march'dibeneath her thick Difguise, Safe in their Strength, secure from Human Eyes : While Discord's fiery Brands their Souls inflame, Who threatens here to aggrandize her Name. Lo! with to Morrow's Light a Desk appears. The Joy of factious restive Mutineers. **经**预用的的现在分词 A thousand Dangers on the Tumult wait! A thousand Fends foment the curst Debate! So Heav'n has written in the Book of Fate. She spoke : Sloth, rising from his filky Bed. And leaning on one Arm his lumpy Head; While from his languid Eyesa Delugeran, This broken Speech with feeble Voice began, O Night, thou stab'st me with this killing News! What new-born Plagues does affive Hell produce? Still do the Furies throw their fiery Darts?

Still breathe Fatigue and War in Human Hearts? Ah! whither fled those happy Times of Peace, When idle Kings, diffoly'd in thoughtless Ease, Religible A Francisco de de la conflicio de Religio

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Reagn'd their Scepters, and the Toils of State
To Counts, or some inferior Magistrate:
Loll'd on their Thrones, devoid of Thought or Pain;
And, nodding, stumber'd out a lazy Reign?
No anxious Cares did nigh the Palace creep;
But Day and Night was one continu'd Sleep,
Except the Vernal Month, when Flora gilds
The chearful Valleys, and the smiling Hills;
When the loud North his airy Rule resigns
To gentle Zephyrs, and more peaceful Winds;
Four Oxen drew with slow and silent Feet
Th' unactive Monarch to some Country-Seat,

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But 'tis no more: That Golden Age is gone; And an unweary'd Princes fills Britanma's Throne. Each Day she frights me with the Noise of Arms, Slights my Embraces, and defies my Charms. In vain does Nature, Seas and Rocks oppose, Tobar her Victue, which undaunted goes Thro' Lybian Burnings, and o'er Scythian Snows. Her Name alone my trembling Subjects dread, Not her own Cannon does more Terror spread. To tell the Wrongs and Cruelties I bear, Would exercise the Labour of a Year. Ethought the Church would thelter an Exile, Driv'n from a Court, inur'd to Cares and Toil, Vain was my Thought: For now each fad Recluses. Monks, Abbots, Priors, wretched me abuse, La Trape's grown famous by my fhameful Flight Nor can * St. Denis, bear my odious Sight. The Jesuits ever have my Power defy'd; Few but the dull Citose my Rule obey'd.

The † Holy Chappel, with its Founder, slept, And from old Time its Lethargy had kept.

^{*} Religious Howses in and near Paris, newly reform'd.
† The Scene of Action where this Dissension happen'd.
Lo!

Lo! now a Desk, a fatal Foe to Peace,
Strives to dislodge me from my antient Ease.
And wilt thou, Night, lend thy officious Aid
To cover Crimes, far blacker than thy Shade?
Wilt thou, dear Partner of my lov'd Repose,
Abet my Ruin, and protect my Foes?
If e'er to Thee alone I did reveal
The Joys of Love, which I from Day conceal;
Ah! suffer not at least—Here Stoth opprest
With length of Words, and want of grateful Rest,
Sunk down: His Strength for sook the stupid God,
And to Repose resign'd the lifeless Loads,



CANTO III.

LD Night, triumphant on a footy Cloud, Parent of Fears,, and Nurse of Sorrow, rode. Burgundia's vinous Fields the hovers round, And sherdreary Vapours o'er the Ground Then towards the fair Lutetian Turrers flies, Distilling Opiats from her lamid Eyes: At length * Montlerry's lofty Tow'rs the fhrouds, Fond of those yenerable old Abodes; The Summit of whose Walls stupendous Height, Steals by degrees from the deluded Sight; While the strain'd Eye-balls pierce the Clouds in vain, And stretch their fiery Beams, the vast Ascent to gain. The weary'd Pilgrim flies the tedious View, The Objects follow, and his Flight purfue. Here Crows and Vultures keep their ruin'd Courts Here Ravens and Funebrous Birds refort;

* An old Castle near Paris, stuated on a Hill.

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The croaking Toad and Bat, in om'nous Squals, Improve the Horror of thele defert Walls Here thirty Winters aged Howlet lay, And claim'd a Refuge from the hated Day Fruitful of evil Fate the Shrieker cries, or and ad ? And by foretelling Mischiefs, magnifies, 11 210 mines In this wild Place retir'd to meditate, Expecting Night, the fober Creature fat: The Goddess came; Howles exalts his Voice, Sad'ning the tuneful Neighbours with his Joves Complaining Progne trembles with new Pains, to said ! And Philometa's Fears o'ercome her Strains: Follow me, Son, faid Night. The Feather'd Fate, Rous'd at her Voice, forfook his drouzy Seat; With heavy Wings they press the thickning Air, And darkling their dull Shades to Paris bear : 15 11 11 Here both arresting their auspicious Flight, was valle On the fam'd Chappel's destin'd Belfry light. The Goddess bending from the lofty Arch, with 100 Observes the Warriors, and regards their March, The fmirking Barber brandiffies on high and want at A Bumper, which re-smiles with mutual Joyail Each deluging in genial Juice his Soul, To Gilotin and Bacebus fill the Bowleton Shalliney then triumph thus, the Goddels laid, And find an easy Conquest in my Shade hilder and Th Soon the seinfulting Mifereauts shall know at the sound What to my fasred Dignity they owe or thirteen bala Then gravely nedding to her Darling Pride, Her tardy Wingsthe foggy Air divide soon in 1 and Howlet with equal Pinions takes his Right, And follows through thick Shades his Mother Night Both torthe fatal Sacrifferepairs orto od soil orton T Where lay the deeafful Bufine sof the War The fullen Deity now makes a stand, Beholds the Desk, and gives this stern Command LIT

Rest here, Prophesick Son, in the dark Womb-Of this old Desk, till ripening Time shall come. The Owl assum'd his delegated Place,

And fat expecting with a fage Grimace.

The Champions warm'd with native Heat and Wine,
Unanimous pursue the great Design:
The sacred Chappel's Marble Steps ascend,
While Bacchus does his friendly Instuence lend.
The proud Piazza's pass'd, the Heroes now
Behind'em see the Shop of sam'd Rebow;
There undisturb'd volum'nous H______ sleeps,
Him under Twenty faithful Locks he keeps;
Secure from Chandlers, and devouring Fire,
The learned Lumber there remains intire.

When Boirude, as the Danger nearer grew, A Tinder-box from his wide Pocket drew; illand bala The veiny Flint and hardy Steel ingage, work and and Breathing in Particles of Firetheir Rages in at other * Colliding Blows the Atoms difunite, of all bood of And kindle living Seeds of Infant Light: 2013 20 70 00 The new-born Sparks a bluish Flame beget, and od? And in a lasting bolder Flame aspires. This would of The Herbes, with this trembling Startheir Guide, 12 (This trembling Star the abfent Sun Supply'd) bail bak Approach the Temple, Boirude opes the Gate, and of And manfully conducts the Vamin States | monally As thro' the spacious Solitude they fleer, by the nod !! With Talk they diffipate invading Fear, Walland The Vestry now is seen; each pallid Face Ownsthe tenebrous Horror of the Place, Wolfold bath There lies the Desk, dread Work of wayward Fate: A while they frand its Form to contemplate : Yal and W The fullen Drity now maker a flead,

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Till rouzing 'em, aloud the Barker cries,
This Spectacle is not t'amuse our Eyes:
We are not here conven'd, my Friends, to stare;
Time will not stay; the Moments precious are:
Into the middle lise convey the Mass,
And six it on the haughty Chanter's Place.
To morrow a plump Prelate's gloating Eyes
Shall view the Triumph with uncommon Joys.

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Then with an Arm tremendous bravely strove From its old Post the dusty Lump to move. * When, Oh Distraction! from its hollow Womb. Like Thunder a dread Voice was heard to come. Brontin grew fliff with freezing Ague-Fear, The Sexton's Colour fled, uprofe his Hairs Lamour bemoan'd (to dastard Fear betray'd) The want of Barberissa and his Bed; Yet straight his Courage recollects, and now Resolves, whate'er Fare means, to stand the Blow. When from his Powdry Rooft the Bird of Night With Fate-denouncing Outcries takes his Flight; Like Statues, petrify'd with chilly Fear, Unable to refift, they fhake, they stare. Howlet th' Illuminated Wax descry'd, And foon extinguish'd with his Wings their Guide. Now difarray'd, confounded, they retreat, Confessing by swift Flight a base Defeat : Their Nerves relax, their trembling Knees in vain Their bloodless Bodies labour to sustain: Their Hair erect, and grey with fudden Fright, and to a The flying Squadron piece the Shades of Night.

So meet a heedless Troop of wanton Boys
In some close Corner, with unpunished Noise;
The indocile Libertines securely play,
In idle Pastime truanting the Day;

^{*} Eneid. 1. 3. v. 39.

Far from their studious Master's prying Sight, They give a loofe to Joy, and revel in Delight. But if ftern Argus by furprize appears, They quit their Pleasures, and resume their Fears; Dreading the future Birch and threatning Eye, In Clusters from th' unfinish'd Game they fly. Discord inrag'd, beheld the routed Croud, And roar'd, like Thunder from a broken Cloud; Then, to revive their Hearts congeal'd with Fear, And rally their base Souls to Second War, She borrrow'd furly Sydrac's aged Look, Wrinkled her Brow, and his long Vifage took. Earthward she bent, and to the Sight appears Depress'd beneaththe Weight of Fourscore Years. Her Limbs did on a knotted Staff rely, And seem'd to move on Springs of Chican'ry: A winking Taper in her Hand she takes, And grouling, thus the timid Band bespeaks,

Stop, Miscreant Wretches, whither would you fly? Here neither Bloodshed is, nor Enemy. What! Will you then for a vile Bird alone Your Honour lose, and Enterprize disown? Dare you not stand the impotent Grimace Of one poor Owl? What wou'd you do, alas! If every day like me you faw the Bar, And wag'd with hideous Looks orernal War? Friendless follicit hard of Hearing now, Then fland a haughty Judge's rigid Brow Ear beat, without his Fee, a Lawyer dead; In Forma Pauperis inceffant plead: Believe me, Sons, Experience is my Guide, My self a Chapter su'd, the Law defy'd. Nor can the Bar flew that tremendous Look, But I a hundred times have flood its Shock: Dauntless their forward Way my Body barr'd, I' th' Church's Name demanding to be heard.

The (Souls Then Farth In the A Pre * The And v If yet Atlea Think When Think Willm Howler The Fl Yes, Thefe Remer And in Your E And ear On thei And con So fhall Your Ve This ! Plung'd

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The Church was fruitful then in great Divines, Souls forg'd by Nature for immense Designs. Then Pennyless and Friendless we could go. Farther than now for Love and Mony too. In those triumphant Days; the vilest Head A Prelate and a Chanter durst implead. * The World grows old, Time runs a jaded Race. And worn-out Nature teems with her Difgrace. If yet you cannot reach your Fathers State, At least their shining Vertues emulate, Think what Dishonour your bright Names will foul, When Men shall tell the Fable of the Owl: Think how the Chanter, with indignant Pride, Will mock your Valour, and Attempt deride: Howlet will be the Word, a standing Jest, The Flout of Boys, and Mirth of every Feast,

Yes, I perceive your Souls no longer bear
These stinging Thoughts; for Action then prepare:
Remember, Sirs, what Prelate it you serve,
And snatch the verdant Laurels you deserve;
Your Eyes re-sparkle with their wonted Fires,
And each Heroick Breast the War requires.
On then; run; sly; immortal Honour calls;
And consecrates the Man who bravely falls:
So shall the Prelate see, with wondring Joy,
Your Vengeance swift as your Affront can sly.

This faid, the Warring Goddess takes her flight, Plung'd in a sudden Flash of blazing Light; Restoring to each Breast their Martial Heat, Fills with Herself the bold Triumvirate.

So when the rescu'd Danube, Rhine, and Scheld, Immortal Churchill, Thee in Arms beheld;

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^{*} Iliad 1. 1. Neftor's Spesch.

The Face of War soon took a brighter turn, and said And fainting Squadrons with new Vigour burnes. Thy Courage, like the Universal Soul, and animates the Whole, and Victoria yielding to superior Charms, and animates the Whole, and Cares'd thy Standard, and embrac'd thy Arms.

Asham'd and angry at their late Defeat,
They light their Taper, and their Task repeat to the Noisy Eveny flies off unburt,
And what was late their Terror, is their Sport, and the And now the Desk the Chanter's Pew ascends, and Take A Shout the Chappel's lofty Arches rends to the The wormy Boards, by Time's corroding Spights The Wormy Boards, by Time's corroding Spights The With their continu'd Strokes the Pews resound, The Vaults rebellow'd, and the Organ groun'd, they like their continuity of the Chapter's Pews resound, they like their continuity of the Pews resound, they like the Pews resound.

Ah Chanter! bury'd in protound Repose, 1 201 Little thy Heart the brooding Mischief knows 1. 1 stant But undisturb'd by Grief or anxious Fear, (12 des 115) Dreams not what angry Fare is doing here ! want but If in a Vision yet some Pow'r Divine Prisard mor Shou'd to thy Sense reveal the dread Defign 30 200 bank E're thou would'ft suffer that ill-shapen Mass, and no Afpiring for to lord it in thy place; and a see the Bold as a dying Martyr would'ft thou come, and had of And gloriously dispute thy haples Doom sould mod Thy Naked Body to the Nails expose, and chick int And tender Head to the hard Harnmer's Blows 200 To Mummy bruis'd, thou on the fpot wou'dft die And worthless Life refuse with Infamy. But while the Disk to thy Difgrace does rife, In filken Chains Thee gentle Slumber ties, Landand

Now two concluding Strokes the Work compleat,

And the Hinge turns on thy unhappy Sear.

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CANTO IV.

HE Sextons to their early Task repair,
And call the yawning Priests to Mastin Pray'r;
The Bells with filver Sounds the Region shake.
Their Turrets rock, and lazy Chanters wake:
Half rais'd at the sad Din, each drouzy Head
Sinks down oppress'd by its own native Lead.

* Their Chief alone with fancy'd Terror struck.
And scar'd by visionary Forms, 'awoke'.
At the redoubled Clangor of his Cries,
Each Servant quits his Down, and trembling slies.
First Faithful Girot, with undaunted Speed,
Appear'd before the sweating Chanter's Bed's
Girot his shaking Master's Sense restor'd;
The worthiest Servant of so good a Lord!
Who, pleas'd Domestick Merit to prefer,
The Choir's proud Gate committed to his Care;
Abroad, a stiff-neck'd haughty Virger, he;
At home, a supple Slave in Livery.

My Lord, said he, what Trouble heaves your Breast?
What Melancholy breaks your grateful Rest?
Wou'd you unprecedented madly run
To Chappel, and prevent the rising Sun?
Consider, Sir, to vulgar Chanters leave
The Pride of meriting what they receive.
Your Genius then indulge without reserve,
Let Wretches born for Labour toil and starve,

Friend, faid the Chanter, still with Horror pale, What can the vain Reflections now avail?

^{*} The Chanter. V . ac to severe 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1

Here thy Companionable Passion join, And mix thy amicable Sighs with mine; Thy honest Heart will tremble, when it hears The Subject of thy dying Mafter's Fears: Twice gracious Morpheus had my Temples bound, And intorgetful Night shade Reason drown'd; Intoxicating Fumes had Fancy warm'd; And every Sense to sweet Repose was charm'd; When, as I thought, i' th' Choir with glorious Grace: I bles'd the Croud, and fill'd my wonted Place, Swallow'd the Incense, and unrival'd bore The first Degree in Office and in Pow'r: A gloomy Smoke long rolling from afar, Seem'd from the darken'd Veftry to appears Forward it shot, and kindling as it came, The dreadful Cloud burft in a bluish Flame; And, Odire Object! to my Sight display'd A Dragon; by th'affifting Prelate led; His Head Triangular: the frightful Mass A very Reading-Desk appear'd, or was... When, animated by his Guide, the Beaft" Darting at me, up-rais'd his monstrous Crest. In vain I trembling fled, cry'd out in vain, Till kindly sleep relax'd his gentle Chain. I can no more Poffes'd with Panick Dread In my pale Eyes the Sequel may be read.

Ah, Sir, said Giret smiling, Noblemen,
Wits, Criticks, Ladies, Poets nurse the Spleen;
'Tis a genteel Disease, and ever bred
By Duns, or Affectation, or a Bed.
Without delay on sam'd * Gephalick call,
The Camisar shall cure you with his Sal.

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^{*} A Doctor in Paris, famous for Sal Volatile and Enthu-

The Master of the Choir, averse to Jest,
(With chiding Eyes his ill-tim'd Wit suppress'd
Leap'd furious from his Bed, and hasten'd to be
dress'd::

All his rich Vests and sumptuous Robes puts on,
His Mohair Cassock, and his Tabby Gown,
His Purple Gloves; that very Rochet wore,
Which once the jealous Prelate's Fingers tore:
An Ebon Stick he held; and on his Head,
Snowy with Winter Age, a Sattin Bonnet laid:
Quickning his Pace, with fierce impulsive Ire,
He runs, he slies, and reaches first the Choir.

* O Thou, who guided by the Delphick God, Sung, on the Margin of a drouzy Flood, Obstinate Chiefs inur'd to deadly Wars, 'Twixt hostile Frogs and Mice immortal Jars: + O Thou whose Muse's bold fantastick Flight Did the Bolonian Bucket's Rape indite; Vile Cause of War! all Latium to engage-In bloody Arms, the Helen of their Rage! And | Thou who painted in a deathless Strains The Licens'd Homicides of Warwick-Lane! (Phæbus to thee his double Bleffing gives; Thy Mujick charms us, and thy Art relieves) Give Energy to my Enervate Tongue, While the fir'd Chanter's flagrant Rage is fung. What Pencil can his Indignation draw; When on his Seat th' afpiring Desk he faw ! Mute, motionless, and pale, a while he stood, Horror, Surprize, and Grief benumb'd his Blood : But his imprison'd Words at length resound, And breaking thro' his Sobs, a Passage found.

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^{*} Homer's Batrachomyomachia.

Alessandro Tassoni, Author of La Secchia Rapita; an Italian Poem. | Dr. Garth. See,

See, Girot! See the Hydra that oppres'd My troubled Soul, and broke my pleasing Reft! Behold the Dragon! there he rears his Head, And buries me in an eternal Shade! Prelate, what have I done? What hellish Rage: Makes thee ingenious to torment my Age? What! Can thy waking Malice know no Rest, Nor Sleep nor Night lull thy tempestuous Breast. O Fate! must this opprobrious Desk appear, And cloud me in my proper Hemisphere ? Into a Dungeon thus convert my Pew,

Eclipse my Glories from the publick View! Unfeen, unknown to all but God, my Face-Must there be hid incog' in my own place! What! Must I six inglariously ab/cur'd? -It is too much; it cannot be endur'd. No, let us first the facred Altar fly, Abandon Heav'n, renounce the Ministry; Yes, let us cease our inharmonious Pray'rs, No longer offer Mufick to the Spheres, Nor deafen, with rude Sounds, Immortal Ears. Let us from this ungrateful Church retire. Nor fee, where we're not feen, a thanklels Choir, But then my Rival triumphs on his Seat, And smiles insultingly at my Defeat; While on my Pew this Desk will fill be borne, And riding on its creaking Hinges turn. Forbid it, Heav'n, or give me instant Death, And stifle foul Dishonour with my Breath! Yes, faithful Girot, let us bravely die, If we're too weak to move this Infamy; But this Right Hand shall tear the Tyrans down; 'Tis lawful an Usurpen to dethrone :-Yes, e're we die, if noble Death must come, The Rival Desk shall, falling, share our Doom. ent of trades Tolland, Andrew of La Strenia Ras-

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Strengthen'd with Rage, at these determin'd Words
The furious Chanter seiz'd the trembling Boards:
When, guided thither by auspicious Chance,
Reger and John, two well-known Chiefs, advance;
Renowned Normans both, equally skill'd
I'th' Law, with Knowledge and Experience fill'd:
They hear his Anger's Source, his Cause they own;
Yet Counsel, nothing rashly show'd be done.
Yes, they agree the Monster must not stand,
Nor must it fall by any Private Hand:
But let th' Assembled Chapter view the Sight;
And in full Synod do the Chanter Right.

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This fage Advice repriev'd the threaten'd Mass.

And smooth'd the ruffled Sire's distorted Face:
Then be it so, said he, let them appear;
Summon, without delay; the Chapter here:
Fly, and with holy Yell the Dotards wake,
So shall they of our early Grief partake.

At this Discourse surprized and troze they stand.

Regardless of their Sovereign's rash Command.

Foolish and bold, says Roger, to injoin
A Morning's Work, I fear we must decline:
Betimes we ought to quit this Party-Fray,
Where 'tis impossible we shou'd obey;
Tho' from the distant Street the piercing Sound
Shou'd wake the snoring Footmen, stretch'd around.
And penetrate, without the least Regard,
That facred Calm, where Noise is never heard.
Can you conceive, my Lord, when peaceful Shades.
Have bound 'em fast to their inchanting Beds,
We shou'd the Sluggard's Iron Slumbers break,
Whom six Bells thirty Years cou'd never wake?
Can two weak Chanters Voices e'er perform.
What is a Work for Thunder or a Storm?

The warm Old Man replies, I fee what Ends. You wish, and whither this Oration tends.

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I see, your darstard Souls the Prelate dread; Yes, of the haughty Prelate you're asraid: Ye servile Wretches, Lhave seen you stand. Bending your Necks beneath his bleffing Hand. Go, still be Slaves, still fawn, and lick and bow; I will the Canons raise without ye now.

Approach then, honest Giror, thou true Friend!
Whom neither Bribes can shake, nor Prelates bend:
Do thou the Maundy-Thurstay's * Rattle take;
Soon shall this Engine make 'em hear and shake:
The Sun a Sight intirely new shall see,
The droning Chapter up as soon as he.

This heart'ning Speech made trusty Girot fly, And rake the Dust of Holy Armory.

Now the lugubrous Instrument resounds, And every Ear with hideous Clangor wounds. Infernal Discord, pleas'd, prepares to head Her willing Champions, and afford them Aid; Then from the * Clam rous Hall, t'improve the Fright She calls the God of Noisethro' Shades of Night. And now fweet Sleep fortakes each wond'ring Eye; The Street, aftonish'd, rises at the Cry : At length the Canons their strong Fetrers break. Unfeal their Lids, and in Confusion wake: Monstrous and wild Ideas each conceives, And what his Fancy breeds, his Fear believes. One thinks loud Thunder Spits the Sacred Choir, The Chappel burning with a + Second Fire Others more lad and phlegmatick than he, 2006 100 17. Guels'd it the Toming of the | Tenebra:

^{*} La Cresse in French, an Instrument used on Maundy :
Thursday instead of Bells.

^{*} Answerable to our Westminster-Hall: The Reader? will please to apply it so as off as he meets with it.

⁺ Oncebuint down, in 1618.

The Service in the Romish Church the Week before Easter ..

A third, still dozing with the Fumes of Wine, Believes it Noon, vows'tisa laid Design, And grumbles that he was not call'd to dine.

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So when returning Phæbus gilds the Year,
And chears with genial Warmth our Hemisphere;
When Zephyrs blow, and Birds disus'd to sing,
Essay their Notes, to we'come in the Spring:
Albion's bright Goddess, mov'd with Europe's Tears,
Sends'forth her Heroes to dissolve their Fears;
With Insulary Thunder to prevent
The tow'ring Giants of the Continent:
The Louvre shakes, pale Linistastes again
The Terrors of a new Ramillia Plain:
Th' Escurial dreads Anna's recruited Might,
And Anjou saddles for a second Flight:
Paristan Walls shall prove a weak Defence
For † Quixiot Kings, and each | Knight-Errant Prince.

In vain does Terror urge; supine they lie, And wait between the Sheets their Destiny.

Girot resolves to rouze em and prepares
A Story, which he knew wou'd take their Ears,
Restore their Senses, and expel their Fears.
I'm sent, said he, t'inform you from my Lord,
A warm Collation smokes upon the Board;
With Art collected, it no Dainty wants
Which Luxury can wish, or the rich Season grants.

He spoke: All catch at once the welcome Sound, Shake off dull Sleep, and from their Pillows bound, Headlong they press, as rapid Lightning fleet; Yet swifter Appetite out-strips their Feet.

^{*} The Translator prophesy'd wrong concerning K.Philip,
as appears by the Event.
+ Don Philip.

| Chevalier St. George.
| Ready

Ready to break their Necks, to break their Fast; Each flatters, as he flies, his eager Taste With entertaining Thoughts of sweet Repast. But, ah vain Hope! fond Man's delusive Bait! Regardful of the cover'd Hook too late

The disappointed Chapter view their Chief,
And find they come not there to eat, but grieve.
The Chanter in the most pathetick words
(The best his interrupting Grief affords)
Reveals the sad Mistortune to his Friends,
And his just Cause to them and Heav'n commends.

Plump Ev'rard only durst propose to eat;
Ev'rard's keen Stomach did his Zeal abate:
The Canons fill'd with other Thoughts, his Vote
Vanish'd unseconded, and soon forgot.
When Allen rose; collected and prepar'd,
He regularly hem'd, then strok'd his Beard,
And claim'd, as Prolocutor, to be heard.
The Learned Seer Attention might demand;
The only Scholar in this Reverend Band!
The Learned Steer had copious Baxter read,
And with old Bunyan cramm'd his muddy Head.

Thus oft sublime, contiguous to the Skies, Sacred to Dust, an empty Garret lies; Till hir'd by some vile Quack, the Furniture Does all the happy lightsom Space obscure; And what th' unlucky Owner meant to grace, Converted to an undigested Mass.

Yes, Great a-Kempis he cou'd construe too, And all his knorty Passages undo.

Whence cou'd this Stroke, said he, but from the Womb,
Some younger Sprig of old Socious, come?
It must be so; we're in the Prelate's Snare;
These Eyes saw Deist T visit there:
Satan endeavours, by that subtle Fiend,
The Prelate to his Purposes to bend,

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Sirs,

Sirs, he most certainly has somewhere heard That this litigious Desk St. Louis rear'd: Thus, grown Polemical, he'll proudly think To drown us all with Deluges of Ink : Vast Subsidies of Paper-Force he'll raile, And make his Partizans find Means and Ways. Now 'tis our Duty timely to prepare, And stand a resolute Defensive War: Consult Antiquity, the Scholiasts scan, Let every Text be boked to the Bran. Confider, does Aquinas nothing fay Of Desks? none of the Fathers lean that way? I find this Argument will ask much Oil, Close Reading, indefatigable Toil. Then till Aurora kindles up the Day, And lights her Lamp, extinguish'd in the Sea; Let every Man by Lots his Portion take, And what our learned Doctors dictate, speak.

Struck with this unexpected Speech, they stare,
And each pale Face betray'd uncommon Care:
Squab Everard with most Concern appear'd,
He shov'd, and press'd, and swore he wou'd be heard.

If at my Years, said he, I turn one Page,
Or hurt with Books these Eyes too weak with Age;
May I, like thee, on musty Paper seed,
Turn Book-worm, and be bury'd e're I'm dead.
Let us, who know the Use of Living, live,
Thy meagre Body does thy Soul survive.
Go, macerate what Flesh remains with Books,
We are not fond of such mean haggard Looks:
What others do, shall ne'er disturb my Head;
I neither Alcoran, nor Bible read,
I know right well the Price of College-Hay,
Or what our Farmers every Quarter pay;
On which good Vineyard there's a Mortgage made,
And what and how the In'trest must be paid:

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Sirs,

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Twenty large Hogsheads, fill'd by my Command, Rang'd Orthodoxly in my Cellar stand;
These are my Authors, there my Study's plac'd;
By Them inform'd, substantial Bliss I taste:
And since all Knowledge in Opinion lies,
Can, when I please, from thence be warm and wise.

As for this Desk, d'ye think your Books will charm
The Monster down? Believe me, this right Arm
More expeditiously your Work shall do;
The Gorgon without Latin overthrow.
Whatever does offend me I'll remove,
Tho' all the Fathers shou'd the Desk approve.
Let us to Breakfast, and our Sorrows drown;
So fortify'd, we'll knock the Monster down.

This Speech, supported by his jolly Plight, (Plump as if fed at both ends, day and night) Revives their Gourage and their Apperte.

The Chanter, now recover'd from his Fear, and but A Rallies his Senses, and declares for War.

Too long (he cry'd) has that foul Cerb rus. Head to but Obscur'd us with his * treble-cressed Shade:

Let's instantly our fully'd Fame restore,
And show at once our Courage and our Pow'r,
Yes, let us for this Work some Minutes fast;
This done, Messieurs, we'll make a long Repair;
A Breakfast which the Morn to Noon shall join,
And then but to a nobler Feast resign, war long, at the

Up rose the Chief. The faithful Cohors, charm'd With these attracting Words, his Zeal confirm'd: Then to the Choir with fearless Steps they go, And there behold the bold usurping Foe.

At this, To Arms! tumultuously they cry, And pour upon the Common Enemy:

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^{*} The Desk was of a Triangular Form. bus sain bak

The Axis now defends it felf in vain;
What Force cou'd such Confed'rate Pow'rs sustain?
Each honours with a Blow his gallant Hand;
The Desk as bravely strove their Rage to stand:
Firmly a while the Hydra kept his ground,
Till some dire Hero gave a fatal Wound;
Deep was the Cut, he stagger'd with the Blow,
And bow'd beneath his unexpected Foe.
At length for want of his great Master's Aid,
The tott'ring Lump with odds is overlaid.

So, batter'd by the North, a Russian Oak Succumbs, unequal to the vi'lent Shock: Or so, abandon'd by its girding Wood, Sinks an old Roof, which had for Ages stood.

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The captive Boards in Triumph are convey'd, Andin the Victor Chanter's Kitchin laid.



CANTO V.

Now had the Morn unbarr'd the Gates of Light,
And faw the Canons up; Surprizing Sight!

Aurora blush'd to see herself out-shone
By florid Looks more ruddy than her own.

Brontin to Sydrac speedily repairs,
And the Missfortune of the Desk declares;
Old Sydrac wept for Joy at his successful Cares:
In silent Raptures-building, as he stood,
A thousand Law-Suits on the ruin'd Wood.

The youthful Sire grows vigorous and bold;

Age has no Ice, and Winter has no Cold:
A sprightly Warmth quicken'd his tardy Blood,
His Veins recruiting with a brisker Flood.

Smaight

Straight to the Prelate he betakes his Flight, And with loud Clamour opens to the Light The melancholy Scene, and Crimes of Night.

The Prelate, grieving to be rouz'd so soon,
Impetuous leap'd from his inchanting Down.
Gladly would Gilotin his Stay detain,
With a two-handed Goblet of Champaign:
The Graceful Bumper, wont to break his Fast,
With slighted Smiles now lures his Master's Taste.
Unmoisten'd and unbless'd, he straight prepares
With extricating Comb t' adjust his frizled Hairs:
Twice did the Ivory break, and twice the Box,
In hasty Grapple with Confed'rate Locks.
So when Alcides spun, unbred to feel
A weight so light, he broke the Spinning-Wheel.

Half-dress'd he goes. When, lo ! before his Gate.
An ardent Troop of Church-Militia wait:
Resolv'd, at their affronted Lord's Desire,
Unanimously to desert the Choir.
But the grave Sire, appealing to the Laws,
Condemns a Project useless to his Cause.
For suture Fate, said he, we ought to look
In the mysterious Sibyl's Sacred Book:
Not far her Cave; come on, and let's submit
To what Expedient she pronounces sit.

All with one Voice the fage Advice approve, And tow'rds the Bar the holy Warriors move.

Her Den groan'd horrible, while Echo round.

Doubles th' Affright, as the repeats the Sound.

Amidst those Gothick Pillars, which support

The formidable Hall, and awful Court

Of Common-Pleas; a famous Fabrick's rear'd,

Ador'd by Lawyers, and by Clients fear'd.

Here Fools and Knaves each Term in shoals repair.

Thinn'd with the Diet of litigious Air.

Beneat Here e Vain a To the Call'd Bulky While And th Pale IV Stalk o Infam And e And b The w Cafe-B And di At eve Fair Pa The bu Gull'd A hund So oft Incessa And fo Now, She sta Now l Long ! With G Her Cla With I

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Beneath a Hill of Briefs, Green Bags, and Scrolls, Here ev'ry Morn a Hettic Sibyl howls. Vain are the Tears of Orphans, vain their Cries To that foul Monster, void of Ears and Eyes, Call'd Chicanry, in learned modern Stile, Bulky with Ruin, and o'er-grown with Spoil. While the wrong'd Widow want of Justice mourns, And the vex'd Air each empty Groan returns; Pale Want and Famine, like some injur'd Ghost, Stalk o'er the Ground, and weep their Treasures lost. Infamous Poverty, devouring Care, And everlasting Toil, and lean Despair, And black Chagrin, compleat the mournful part; The wretched Offspring of her cursed Art! Cafe-Books and Codes the bufy Hag confume, And dies her felf, to dig another's Tomb : At every Meal the hungry Fury eats Fair Palaces, strong Castles, Country-Seats. The bubblea Suitors at their Fate repine; Gull'd with Superfluous Reams for Solid Coin. A hundred times has Justice turn'd her Scales : So oft her guilty Influence prevails. Incessantly from Trick to Trick she runs; And sometimes, like an Owl, the Day-light shuns. Now, like a Lion lashing his dull sides, She stalks with fiery Eyes, and frightful Strides; Now like a Serpent thro' the Herbageglides. Long has the justest Monarch Strove in vain, With Gordian Knots this Proteus to restrain. Her Claws, by So ___ re clip'd, increase in Strength, With Ink discolour'd, and o'ergrown in Length. Ramparts and Dikes of Law, too feeble Foes, Resist th' Invasion, but in vain oppose. With Creeping Guile the faps the easy Ground, Or with High Torrent breaks th' obstructing Mound.

eath

Sydrac falutes the Fiend, and bending low. With distant Awe reveres her wrinkled Brow.; Then tempting Gold displays: She with delight Views the bright Scene, and dwells upon the Sight, When thus the Sire __ Contention's mighty Queen! Unquestion'd you o'er Kings and Peasants reign. Thro' thee, Force useless is, and Laws are weak : Statutes, like Cobwebs, you at Pleasure break. For thee the * Norfolk Hind fweats at his Plough; For thee his Flocks are fleec'd, his Meadows grow. For thee he yearly reaps his Golden Fields; To thee his rich Autumnal Labour yields. If from my Infant Years I've thee ador'd, And Seas of Ink on thy dread Altars pour'd. Disdain not, Mighty Goddess! now to own, In his declining Years, thy faithful Son. Industrious Fautress of Vexation, hear, And answer an imploring Prelate's Pray'r; For on the Ruins of his bright Renown An envious Rival has advanc'd his own: The Desk destroying, with a torceful Band; The Desk, late re-erected by our Hand. Exhaust thy fatal Knowledge in this Cause, Revolve the Books, create eternal Flaws, And with Dadalean Wiles confound the Laws. Be to thy darling Sons those Arts display'd, Which puzzle + Themis in the Rules she made! The Sibyl, wild with Joy, thrice shriek'd aloud, While her swoln Visage glow'd with pois'nous Blood;

* In the Original it is Men of Normandy, who like our Norfolk Men, are remarkably Litigious.

* The Goddess of Justice.

Convulsive Agitations rack'd her Breast; Full of the Damon which her Soul oppress'd:

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Till in these Words the loud Tornado broke; And eas'd her lab'ring Bosom, as she spoke.

My Friends, dismiss your Fears; you shall replace On the proud Chanter's Pew that War-creating Mass : Arms you must take; so Fate ordains; to Arms! Prepare, my Sons, for glorious loud Alarms: May long, long Suits enfue; and Oh! beware Never on any Terms your Cause refer : Let all Accommodation be abhorr'd; Curst be the Slave who listens to Accord, Curft be the Wretch that mentions but the Word!

She stopt, and foaming breath'd upon the Throng The same dire Spirit late her Breast had stung. From the wild Hag, the Damon disengag'd, Entred the Herd; and like a Tempest rag'd. Headlong he drives 'em to the deep Abyls Of Law, unmindful of the Precipice. Demurrers, Writs, Injunctions, Outlawry, Exceptions, endless Bills in Chancery, In each undaunted Champion's Front appear, And obstinately threat judicious War.

All, flush'd with fancy'd Victory, return; They quit the less'ning Cave, and with new Fury burn. Mean time, the Canons far from Noise and Care, Indulge their Senfes with delicious Fare.

The Servants under Thirty Chargers sweat, And the full Board groans with the fav'ry Weight; Each Glutton hunts, and garbles out nice Bits, And, as his Fancy dictates Dainties, eats: The Pasties irritating Salt excites, And kindles up their thirsty Appetites. When (Oh! uncertain State of Human Things!) Light-footed Fame unhappy Tidings brings, Reports with trembling Lips and Vifage pale The Oracle, and all its dire Detail.

cilla

The Chanter, warm'd with Muscadine and Rage, Arose, resolv'd the Prelate to ingage. Heto the Sibyl will confult, and try What is referv'd for him in Destiny.

Plump Ev'rard the deferted Banquet mourns, . And still, with strong defire of Feasting, burns. But the regretting Epicure they tear, Borne off by Numbers to the dreadful Bar.

Thro' various Paths, oblique and dark, they draw Near to the clam'rous Market of the Law. At length they reach the celebrated Hall, Where mercenary Tongues unweary'd bawl In om'nous Black, like Prieft, each Proctor plies, And serves his Client up for Sacrifice. Here the shop'd Syrens make a busy Show, But get their Bread by what they vend below : Here crafty Bibliopole all Authors fells; Wit, Learning, Arts and Sciences retails: Mingling, without distinction, Good and Bad; Here Dryden, next him Ogilby islaid: While Boyle and B___ly blended, well accord; And Rowe and Settle grace one common Board.

The Chanter now with formidable Noile, Exalts his shrill Ecclesiastick Voice: Urging his forward way __ When, Oh dire Chance ! The Prelate and his Myrmidons advance. Each rugged Hero, with encountring Eyes, His Rival's louring Front alternately furveys Sullen and dumb disdainfully they stop, An equal Madness choaks and swells'em up.

* So two fierce Bulls, who Rival-Passions share For some lov'd Heifer, meditate a War:

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Virg. Georg. Lib. 8. v. 21.

With jealous Rage fir'd at each others fight,
They quit the Pasture, and prepare for Fight;
Bowing their Necks, each his curl'd Forehead shakes,
While from their blood-shot Eyes their inward Fury
breaks.

Ev'rard, by Boirude elbow'd, found his Spleen Began to swell, and stimulate withing To Biblio's Shop he bent his hasty Course, A Cyrus feiz'd, and with gigantick Force Th' unwieldy Volume at the Sexton threw; He politickly judg'd it, and withdrew ; But histing as it went, it Sydrac struck Full on the Cheft; who funk beneath the Shock's The Sire, by * Artamene torc'd to yield, Fell breathless, the first Victim of the Field. His Friends with pain beheld his Overthrow, And sympathizing felt themselves the Blow. Now against Ev'rard twenty Champions dart, And all refolve to batter down a part: The Canons their affaulted Brother fpy, And forward, to fustain the Onset. fly: Discord, triumphant in the turbid Air, Gave a loud shriek, the Signal of the War.

Now nothing's heard but Clank and warlike Din; All mingling, enter Biblio's Magazine:
Poor Evirard finks beneath a Booky Show'r;
Twelves, Quarto's, Folio's, and Octavo's pour.

So when destructive Boreas marches forth
With his impetuous Forces of the North,
In storms of icy Rain he ploughs the Air,
Lays waste the Fields, and makes the Orchards bare:
Throws down the blooming Honour of the Boughs,
The Promise of the teeming Year, and labring Gardner's Vows.

Artamene, the Name of Cyrus in Scudery's Romance

All arm themselves with Ammunition-Books,
Contract their Brows, and threaten with their Looks a
One with vindictive Hand light Dursey shakes;
Another, Wycherly more weighty, takes;
A third tore Wesley from the dusty Wood,
Where long untouch'd the mouldy Epick stood;
A fourth up-heaves a leaden Basnage high,
Stuff'd with Rabbinical Philosophy.
Lo! a tremendous Typhon guards the Front,
With enterprizing Linter's Name upon't.
Oh! had'st thou, mighty Nurse of Dulness, liv'd
I'th' bright Augustan Age, we had receiv'd
The Bavian Works entire; Mavius by thee
Had been immortal as * The Hollow Tree.

The absent Biblio's Prentice strives in vain,
Their more than Gothick Madness to restrain.
Volumes alost, a Leathern Tempest, sly;
And Clouds of rising Dust involve the Sky.
They Bruise for Bruise exchange, and Wound for Wound;
And heaps of Books and Bodies raise the level Ground.

Here tuneful Waller on the Pavement lay,
And near him Quarles once more beheld the Day:
Here Aristotle flew, Deseartes there;
The Heroes met, and † Jostled in Mid Air.
Numberless Books appear'd this mighty Hour,
Which scarce were seen, or ever known before.
Here Parthenisa and Cassandra flew;
Romantick Weight did real Strength subdue.
John Dunton too was seen, a wondrous Sight!
To Dust retir'd, re-visiting the Light:
And tow'ring, the ‡ Dead Author took his flight.

* A Comedy printed for Bernard Lintot.

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[†] Descartes's Philosophy is founded on contrary Principles to Aristotle's.

¹ Danton writ Letters from himfelf, as dead.

Next him, from its belov'd Recess is torn An English Chevreau, dead as soon as born. The Rights o' th' Chursh alone unshaken stood, And grinning, smil'd at fight of Priestly Blood, A Keeble's Statutes, with unfriendly Weight Of crabbed Law, bruis'd Girot's empty Pate. When rough Alcippus felt a sudden Shock; Th' Arabian Tales his wounded Shoulder struck; Indolent Sheets! 'till now unus'd to bear The rough Fatigues and barbarous Rage of War, Supinely in foft Dreams you lull'dehe Fair! Some luckless Hand a tresh Eliza throws At Clotho's Head, and Imote him 'twixt the Brows; When, strange Effect! the brawny Priest began To yawn and ftretch; Lethargick Stiffness ran Thro' all the Magazines of vital Heat; The Veins no more Life's quick'ning Task repeats The Soporiferous Rhymes benum'd his Breaft, And with strong Opiats forc'd him down to Rest. Clelia wag'd Amazonian War around, And bore down many a Here to the Ground, 'Twas by her aid alone Gorillion's Name Reap'd glorious Laurels, and a deathless Fame. * Ten times by her he fignaliz'd his Arm, And murd'rous Bruifes dealt and mighty Harm. But to frout Fabri's Virtue all must yield; Fabri the foremost Champion in the Field! Hatch'd of a flurdy confecrated Brood, Nurtur'd i'th' Church, and cradled up in Feud; Robust of Body, and of Mind as hard, No Danger his intrepid Soul debarr'd, And equally for all Events prepar'd:

^{*} Clelia is in Ten Volumes in Erench.

Nor knew the Use of Water with his Wine.

His single Arm whole Squadrons overthrew;

He Guibert, Grasset, and Grangullet sew,

Beau Garvase, and insipid Guerin too.

And now the Prelate's vanquish'd Forces fly, Renounce their Strength, and on their Speed rely. Babrias fast pursues the scatt'ring Train,

Wounds'em behind, and drives'em o'er the Plain.
So have I seen a tim'rous Flock of Sheep
Affrighted run, and in their Hurdles creep;
When some sierce Wolf, the Louis of the Wood,
Attempts the Fold, to feast himself with Blood.

Or when Pelides shook his thundring Spear On Xanibus' Plains, the Terror of the War; The Ilian Troops struck with imperious Dread, Behind their Rampires in confusion fled.

When thus, to linking Boirnde, Brontin Spoke; I fee, Illustrious Sexton, in thy Look Some Seeds of antient Prowels: Oh my Ettend! Let's to the last our righteous Cause defend. What shall one Canon over us prevail, And with his fingle Weight thus turn the Scale? Shall it be faid, one Warrior bore away The Glory of the Cope and this decilive Day? No; never let that envious Babbler, Fame, Tarnish the Lustre of thy damiles Name. Come, and * behind my skreening Body frand, This Bastion shall secure thee from his Hand. Here, at his Head fair Man_____y's Works let fly; And may they prove as killing as her Eye! Boirude recall'd his Spirits to his Aid, And when collected Force th' Advice obey'd:

* Iliad. 1. 2. v. 267.

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And at the Warrior darts the missive Dame:

The tender Auth'ress softens on his Grown,
And guildess of a Wound, fell feebly down.

Ye Miscreant Pair, said Fabri, thus you see
My Front rebates your soft Artillery:
Think ye, that I, who like a Castle stand,
Can fall, the Conquest of a Female Hand?
Judge, if my Arm, with mean Exploits content,
Does on its Errand send an Innocent.
Lo! here! A Folio, ting'd with Floods of Gore,
Shall crown the Carnage of this bloody Hour!

With this, he Fox's Book of Martyrs chose;
Four ill-join'd Boards the Coverture compose;
Burrow'd by Worms, and edg'd with Iron round;
And with an old black Sheep-skin half-way bound:
No siken Ties it had, but at each Hasp
Hung by three Nails a Remnant of a Clasp.
Firm as it stood upon the bending Shelf,
No human Force could stir it but himself.

This Fabri feiz'd, and brandishing on high A-tiptoe stands, and guides it by his Eye;
Then at the trembling Slaves, half-dead with Fear, Flings with both Hands the Thunderbolt of War.
And home it went: With one disastrous Wound Both Heroes fell, and measuring bit the Ground.
Torn with the Nails, and pounded by the Wood, The Pavement swam with gushing Streams of Blood!
They churn'd the Dust, and gnash'd their Teeth, and And down the Stair-case o'er each other roll'd. (howl'd,

The Prelate faw their Fall with ghaftful Eyes,
And sent to Heav'n a Scream that pierc'd the Skies.
Struck back with Horror, and appall'd with Fear,
He curses in his Heart the God of War.
With silent Indignation he retreats,
Yet still the Chanter in his Mind defeats.

Then

Then rallying his lost Spirits, makes a Stand, And from his Cassock draws his vengeful Hand. Yes, said the mighty Chief, tho' Armies fail, These Blessing-giving Fingers shall prevail.

Forward he moves, and upwards turns his Eyes,

Then stretch'd his Fingers forth in holy wife.

Kneeling in Heaps, the Passengers receive,
The Benedictions he prepares to give,
With politick Design to turn the Rout
Upon his Foes, who durst not stand him out.
The zealous Vulgar force down all they meet,
Nor will they suffer one to keep his Feet.

Th' out-witted adverse Host, confounded stare At this unthought-of Stratagem of War. And dread the Storm approaching from afar. Vainly the trembling Chanter feeks for Aid From his own Courage, or his firm Brigade ? By both forfaken, he too now must fly, Or fall before his haughty Enemy. The consternated Troops themselves disband, Yet none escapes the swift-pursuing Hand. Driv'n on each others Backs, and four'd by Fears Still hangs the conquering Finger on their Rear. Ev'rard, in hopes to hide his threaten'd Head From holy Infult, to a Corner fled. The watchful Prelate faw his close Retreat, And straight march'd up, his Conquest to compleat. Then turning to the Right, he wheel'd around, And blels'd the frighten'd Champion to the Ground. Thrice he erects his Rebel Head in vain, The lengthen'd Finger forc'd him down again, Oblig'd to kneel, because the Mob's so near; And what he owes to Rev'rence, pays to Fear.

The Prelate to the Temple makes his way, To taste the Fruits of this victorious Day. And i Vano Thro

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The Chanter and the Canons too return,
And inly their defeated Project mourn:
Vanquish'd by pious Fraud, in Crouds they press'd
Thro' the throng'd Doors, at once both maus dand bless.

CANTO VI.

HILE all things thus, to outward View, concur To fan the Fire, and carry on the War; True Piety who long had lain conceal'd, And to the * Alps her exil'd Head reveal'd; Deep in her Defart hears the mournful Cries, Which from Lutetia's distant Walls arise.

Up rose th' Angelick Form, for well she knew. Th' imploring Accents of her faithful sew. The heavenly Maid quits her divine Retreat; Faith leads the Way, with safe unerring Feet; Gay Hope supports and hands her in the Course, While Charity attends her with the purse. Tow'rds the Parisian Gates her slight she bent, Where with a holy Considence, the Saint At Themis' Feet prefers her just Complaint.

Oh Virgin! thou who dost my Shrines support!

Scourge of the bad, and the good Man's Resort!

No human Passion can o'er thee prevail;

Nor aught, but Right, turn thy impartial Scale!

Shall I ne'er come to thy salubrious Arms,

But thus, in Tears and Sighs, to give Alarms?

Is't not enough that in despite of thee

My Name's assum'd by vile Hypocrify,

^{*} La Grande Chartreuse among the Alps.

That her rapacious Hand shall seize my Due, My Croziers, Mitres, and Tiara 100? Must I behold my Heritage laid waste, My Vineyards made a Prey to each wild Beaft!

In stormy Times, and when my Reign was young, My God-like Sons, with holy Ardor stung, Wou'd face a Tempest, and, prepar'd to die, The Thunder of a Tyrant's Rage defy: Soon as baptiz'd in Martyrdom expire. And from the Front run joyful to the Fire. With my inspiring Name their Souls were fill'd, And only breath'd the Doctrines I instill'd. To high Preferments call'd in Church or State, True to my Rules, they forn'd the glittering Bait, Nor mounted the World's Stage but with Regret. Those Hearts that did no Racks nor Tortures shun, Wou'd from a Mitre's proffer'd Honour run. Fearless of Pain, and Toil, and earthly Loss, Thro' Thorns, and over Rocks they bore the Crois. In vain did gaping Hell's Artillery play; Pressing to Heav'n they forc'd their glorious Way. But when the Church her Altars had immur'd, With the cementing Blood of Saints fecur'd; When Christen'd Kings had smooth'd her stormy Face, A dangerous Calm succeeded in the Place! A flack Indifference stagnated the Elood. Deaden'd their Spirits, and benum'd their Blood: The Ardor of their burning Zeal decreas'd: And lagging Faith their Load of Sins confess'd. The mortifying Monk, grown Debonair, Shook off the Ashes, and his Coat of Hair. The Prelate, by Intrigues prefer'd to Place, High living held to be sufficient Grace; & Gross and Mitre, painted on his Coach, Virtue enough to filence all Reproach. Adult strode Chartechie see strike al

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Humility to stalking Pride gave way;
And in the * Frock's foul Grease Ambition lay.
Then Discord soon the Ties of Love unbound,
And to my facred Cloysters Entrance found:
There with my Wealth she built her strongest Forts,
Dragg'd all my Subjects to litigious Courts.
In vain my bending Knees her Steps prevent;
Under my Banners march'd this Insolent.
False Teachers next, in numerous Crouds arise,
To fill the Measure of my Miseries.
Then dangerous Heresies began their Reign,
And execrable Maxims craz'd the brain.

That 'tis enough to dread the Pow'r above,
And servile Fear's preser'd to Filial Love,

That God necessitates the doing Ill,

By pre-determining his Creatures Will,

That Reason is the only Sovereign Queen,

And Faith no Evidence of Things not seen.

Church-Champions me with formal Lips address,
And at my Feet for Absolution press:
Pure to the outward Eye, but foul within,
Place all their Virtue in confessing Sin.

Chas'd by these trait'rous black Attempts, I fled,
Propitious Heaven my exil'd Progress led,
To seek a calm Retreat, a Halcyon Cell,
Where deadly Colds and freezing Vapours dwell:
Those Hills with everlasting Ice confin'd,
Where Winter never yet to Spring resign'd.
Ev'n there the News of my Missfortunes flew,
My Fears return'd, and old Wounds bled anew.
This Day too faithfully a Voice I heard,
Fraught with disastrous News I little fear'd.

^{*} Frock, & Monk's Habit.

That Temple, where a King of * Holy Name. Devoted all his Toils, and Fruits of Fame: Whose pompous Form, and Wealth immense reveal The flowing Grandeur of the Founder's Zeal: Lo! now with Lux'ry fill'd, and foul Debate! Boundless their Pride, implacable their Hate: Honour and Duty, empty Sounds, are fled; While Tyranny erects her Hydra-Head. And wilt thou, Sifter, with indifferent Eyes Behold their Malice, and my Cause despise? And shall this Temple, to my Glory rais'd, Wherethronging Vot'ries once ador'd and prais'd; Shall it be fill'd with facrilegious War? For Combatants the fnameful Theatre? Oh no! at length let thy fwoln Vengeance burft! Impunity too long their Crimes has nurs'd. Arise then, Themis, shake thy flaming Rod; Absolve the Heavins, and vindicate a God!

Thus to her Sifter spoke the plaintive Dame;
Grace kindling in her Eyes Æthereal Flame,
Themis assures an undeter'd Redress;
With cordial Speech thus chearing her Distress.

Dear holy Sister, thou whose Ears and Eyes
Were never shut to others Miseries;
But still with thy officious helpful Hands,
Hast wip'd away their Tears, and loos'd their Bands.
Why dost thou forrow thus without Relief,
And give thy heav'nly Charms a Prey to Grief?
Swell not those beauteous Eyes with causless Tears,
Nor entertain anticipating Fears.
What if thy lukewarm Subjects Ardor cools,
Warp'd by a prosp'rous Sunshine from thy Rules?

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^{*} St. Louis, Founder of the Holy Chappel.

On an eternal Rock thy Church is built, And fortify'd with Blood of Martyrs spilt. Tho' Hell its firm Foundations should affail. Yet never shall the Gates of Hell prevail. 'Midst all the Show'rs of perfecuting Darts. Thy Name still cherish'd lives in faithful Hearts. Yes; in this very Place, now up in Arms To crush thee, and dishonour all thy Charms, Thou shalt return; their fierce Debates shall ceafe. The Storm be hush'd, and all compos'd to Peace. Lo! you vast Dome, by Mortals much rever'd, Where Suppliant Clients at all Hours are heard. There fits a matchless Man, and bears in State My honourable Purple's pompous Weight: For me, his valuable Health impairs; Nor does the lab'ring Sun fee half his Cares: Aristus he-

By Heav'n and Heav'n's Vicegerent justly choic,
To rule my Ballance, and dispense my Laws.
Now on my Throne, by him confirm'd, I see
The Bench redeem'd, and rescu'd Bar set free
From hostile Arts of howling Chicanry.
Fair Truth, invited by his friendly Aid,
Returns assur'd, and lists her chearful Head;
At soul Imposture's Name she shakes no more.
But triumphs o'er the Fiend she fear'd before:
Inhuman Guardians now no longer dare
Prey on the Orphan, and devour their Care.

But wherefore do I vainly thus afpire
To paint the Man thou know'st, and all admire?

Aristus is thy Work, his Image thine,
'Twas thou that form'd him, like thy self, Divines
And brooding o'er the Infant's tender Shell,
Gave him in spotless Merit to excel:
Thy Lessons with the early Milk imbib'd,
Are nobly in his nervous Sense describ'd.

His Soul thus fir'd with thy Celeftial Flame,
Ne'er made one base degen'rate Step to Shame,
His hardy Zeal, for useful Action made,
Ne'er rusted in the dark Monastick Shade.

Haste, Sister, and the God-like Man address;
Hisopening Gates thy Presence will confess.
All know thee there; for all thy Laws observe,
And imitate the pious Man they serve.
One Glance from thee will pierce his inmost Soul,
Which Love, nor Fear, nor Hatred can controul.
Thy Aspect's filent Rhetorick shall gain
What Earth-born Eloquence may ask in vain.

Thus Themis spoke. Her Sister's ravish'd Ears
Blest the sweet Musick that allay'd her Fears;
Then wing'd with Joy, she to Aristus slies,
And obvious to his intellectual Eyes,
The Goddess thus bespoke her faithful Friend:
In vain thy Courage and thy Zeas contend
To justify my Cause, and Rights defend;
If impious Discord * at thy Doors presume
Thus to insult me, and my Throne assume.

Within those Walls, once holy and renown'd,

(Strangers to ev'ry inharmonious Sound)

Poison'd by Discord's stimulating Rage,

Two mighty Pow'rs in adverse Arms engage:

With cruel Feuds my Altars they profane,

While Piety exalts her Voice in vain.

Thou then, to whom th' Oppress'd for Aid appeal,

Do thou their sharp religious Ulcers heal.

Save me from splitting on these dangerous Shelves;

Save them, Arissus, save them from themselves!

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^{*} The Chappel was near Mr. Lamoignon's Palace.

Mr. Lamoignon (the Ariffus of Boileau) was Premier President; a Place of Law and Equity too.

She spoke; the Hero leaves, and sinks in Air;
A while he lay in Extasy of Pray'r:
All cover'd'o'er with Flames divinely bright,
He own'd the lovely Virgin's heav'nly Light.

And now recover'd from the dazling View, Convenes the Prelate and the Chanter too.

But, Oh my Muse! in this sublimer Part,
Aid my faint Spirit, and inspire my Art!
Unequal I, to sing the Man, or tell
How by his mighty Art sierce Discord fell,
What Godlike Cares, and what Herculean Toils
He pass'd, to reconcile the Church's Broils.

Thou rather who the mighty Cure apply'd,
And broke their stubborn Sacerdotal Pride,
Inform the list'ning Age what wond'rous Skill
Supply'd the Chanter's Heart, and cool'd his Zeal.
'Thou know'st, by what prevailing Counsel wrought,
With his own Handsth' invidious Desk he brought;
And how the Prelate, pleas'd with his Devoir,
Soon sent it back, and banish'd it the Choir.

Speak thou these Miracles; I've done my Part, And spun out eighteen hundred Lines by Art. Nor let the Man's Attempt be rashly damn'd, Who from a simple Deska second Iliad fram'd.

Still burns the Muse to speak the Hero's Praise; And with thy Name immortalize her Lays:
But when she measures the transcendent Height,
Her feeble Wings decline the dangerous Flight.
The trembling Sounds are dash'd upon her Tongue,
And Admiration interdicts her Song.

So in the famous Hall where Themis sways,
And re-inthron'd by thee exerts her Rays;
A Youth, who fain wou'd to the Bar proceed,
And from a Hearing-Counsel call'd to plead;
Atlength, surrounded with black Gowns and Fears,
The aukward Wrestler at the Bar appears;

Entering

The LUTRIN.

Entering the Lifts, his Virgin-Motion makes,
But foon the Oil his fault ring Tongue for lakes at
Thy awful Presence thunder-strikes his Sense,
And disarrays his puny Eloquence.
The blushing Orasor attempts in vain.
The Thread of his distracted Speech to gain:
On the last Word tenneiously he dwells.
And lengthens out the bashful Syllables;
Paining the Court ith Passions not their our.
He stammers, pauses, stops, and speechless grown,
With shame oppress'd, young Civero plunges down.

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Been tent it book, and banille it me Choire .
Speak thou thele Mitacker's the deas not the

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And to the suppose of the Andrews of the Control of

ADFERTISEMENT.

I Minstiee to the Memory of Mr. Cab, late School-master of Christ's Hospital, Mr. Ozell thinks himself obliged to own, That that ingenious Friend of his wrote many of the brightest Lines in the preceding Piece; part whereof was likewisedone by Mr. John fon strictly, perhaps the duilest part, as well as the greatest, was done by himself the said Ozells.

